

VOLUME 21.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 19, 1899.

NO. 27

STAND BY THE TICKET.

Says Bryan, in Words That Cannot Be Misunderstood.

Great Throngs Hear and Cheer the Two Great Leaders on their Triumphant Tour through the State from West to East.

"I Believe You Ought To Elect Goebel."

Mr. Bryan, the great Democratic leader, entered Kentucky Monday and from the first speech to the last, during his three days' trip through the State, he urged Democrats to support the regular ticket, without equivocation, without qualification, straight from the shoulder he spoke for Mr. Goebel. At every station on the roads hundreds upon hundreds of people gathered to hear the machinist orator and listen to the advice of the National leader of the Democratic party. Where he was advertised to speak there were thousands; at places where the train was not expected to stop, there were hundreds. He spoke at Bardwell, Fulton, Mayfield, Benton, Eddyville, Princeton, Hopkinsville, Nortonville, Central City and Leitchfield the first day, and a conservative estimate of the people he addressed that day places the number at 40,000. Mr. Goebel, Ollie James and a number of other prominent Democrats accompanied Mr. Bryan, and Mr. Goebel made speeches at all of the stopping places, and the party was greeted with the wildest of enthusiasm everywhere.

At Bardwell, the first stop, 5,000 people greeted them. Mr. Goebel was introduced as the next Governor of Kentucky, and he in return introduced Mr. Bryan as the next President of the United States. Among other things Mr. Bryan said:

Whether the next President of the United States is a Democrat depends somewhat on what you do in Kentucky this year. Three years ago Kentucky did not help the Democratic party to any great extent. I believe that the people voted better than the counters counted. (Applause.)

I want to see the Goebel ticket elected in this State from top to bottom. I want to see every man on the Goebel ticket elected by an overwhelming majority. (Applause.) I want to see a Legislature that will send Joe Blackburn to the Senate on the very first ballot. (Applause.)

Fulton was not down for a speech, but 2,000 people gathered and as the train stopped both Mr. Bryan and Goebel yielded to the calls and made brief speeches.

When the train arrived at the Mayfield depot it passed through walls of people, who shouted with all the power of their lungs; 2,000 people were there. Mr. Bryan discussed national issues and said:

I am glad to come to Kentucky. I do not feel that any apology is necessary for coming to Kentucky. This is but a skirmish of the battle of 1900. The bigger the majority here this fall the better will be our chances in this State in 1900.

Are you in favor of the principles set forth in the Chicago platform? If you are, there is only one way to show it this fall, and that way is vote for Goebel and every man on the ticket. (Applause.)

I believe in the Democratic principles as set forth in your Louisville platform. I believe their triumph is necessary to the welfare of this nation and when this State votes this fall and elects the Democratic ticket headed by Mr. Goebel it will be notice to all the United States that Kentucky is in line for 1900, waiting to give her electoral vote to the Democratic party and to Democratic principles. Win the fight this fall, and the fight of 1900 will be easy. Lose the fight this fall and the fight of 1900 will be a difficult fight.

IMPORTANCE OF THE FIGHT.

I want this State to go Democratic this fall because it gives encouragement to those who are fighting this battle from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and then I want it to go Democratic for another reason; because you elect a Senator here this winter, and I want you to elect a Democratic Senator, and then I want a Democratic Governor here so that if there is a vacancy in the senatorial office during the next four years that it will be a Democrat appointed and not a Republican to represent this State in the United States Senate. You tell me that it is a matter of little importance? I remind you that not one single act of remedial legislation can touch the executive office until that act has passed the House of Representatives, and sometimes the vote is so close one Senator can decide it.

At Benton Bryan was introduced by Ollie James as the greatest Democrat in America. Here Mr. Bryan again urged the Democrats to vote for Goebel. He said:

I am here not to tell you how to vote; not to apply any authority to you. I have no right to compel. I would not if I could. I have a right to reason with you. I have a right that every citizen has to express an opinion, and to give his reasons for it. I have an opinion as to the effect of the election this fall. We are interested in Nebraska in your campaign because in this great fight for the restoration of this Government to the hands of the people we must fight together. Nebraska can not do it alone. Kentucky can not do it alone. We must stand together or fall together, and your action this fall will either discourage or encourage us in this fight.

The defeat of Mr. Goebel and those with him on the ticket would be a discouragement, because you may rest assured that the people who really want to defeat the Goebel ticket are not going to waste a vote upon the Brown ticket. (Applause.) Those who want to defeat the Goebel ticket will vote Republican ticket just as the gold Democrats did in 1898.

Senator Goebel was given an enthusiastic reception, and made one of the best speeches of the campaign; concerning the election law, he said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: If I am correctly informed the county of Marshall never had a Republican official. If I am also correctly informed, there has been some opposition to the law known as the Goebel election law in this county, and I want to talk to you on that account a little about law. It may be that because of the facts I have stated, you do not appreciate the importance of that law to the Democratic party to prevent the repetition of Republican frauds. You have never had here a Republican county judge to violate that important provision of the election statute that requires a division of the election officers at every voting place in the county. That law has been observed in every election that has been conducted under the secret ballot system since 1892, when the law was enacted, but up in the counties of Bell, Hardin, Perry and Letcher, where they never have anything except a Republican Circuit Court Judge, a Republican Commonwealth's Attorney and a Republican foreman of the grand jury, that law has been for years and years a dead letter, and I beg you to remember this, that in a State contest, or in any national contest, every fraudulent Republican vote that is cast or counted; every Democratic vote that is counted for a Republican candidate in Bell, in Perry, in Letcher, in Harlan, in Jackson, in Owensley, nullifies a Democratic or a Populist vote in Marshall county, and it was for that reason that the Democrats in the last General Assembly reformed your election law so as to make it certain that at every voting place in Kentucky from the Big Sandy to the Mississippi river and from the Ohio river to the Tennessee line, the Democratic party shall be represented by two real Democrats, and when I say two real Democrats, I do not mean Palmer and Buckner Democrats or Louisville and Nashville railroad Democrats, or Louisville Post Democrats, or John Young Brown Democrats, but I do mean William J. Bryan Democrats. (Applause.)

At Eddyville and at Princeton the depots were thronged with people and brief speeches were made by Bryan and Goebel.

At Hopkinsville 10,000 people heard them, and here again Mr. Bryan urged Democrats to stand by their colors and vote for the Democratic ticket. He said: "I believe that you ought to elect William Goebel Governor of the State."

At Nortonville, Central City and Leitchfield throngs of people gathered to hear the two leaders, and then the train carried the party to central Kentucky.

Congressman

A. J. HUNTER,
of Illinois,
Will address the people in behalf of the Democratic State Ticket at Marion, Friday, Oct. 20.

Yes. There Are Other Grocerymen

We are not the only "pebble on the beach," but there is no other that will treat you better, sell you cleaner, fresher goods at lower prices and appreciate your trade more than

Produce Taken at | **THE BOSTON GROCERY.** | The Highest Price

BURGHERS IN ACTION

Both Kimberley and Mafeking Being Stormed.

WINTRY BLASTS WORK HARDSHIPS.

Belief Expressed at London That the Boers Have Made a Fatal Error by Delaying Hostilities—Movements of Troops and Other Matters Detailed in the Late Cablegrams.

London, Oct. 17.—A late cablegram from Glencoe announces that the Boer commandoes which invaded Natal through Laings Nek, and, after occupying New Castle, advanced to Pannhuysen, retired on Ingagane, their transport service being reported defective. This will delay indefinitely the anticipated and hoped-for assault on the strong British position at Glencoe.

There are rumors that the Boers have been repulsed at Mafeking and are attacking Vryburg.

Cape Town, Oct. 16.—Kimberley is besieged and the Boers are massing in force. No details are obtainable. The Boers have cut the railway at Belmont, have seized the Spynskop railway station and constructed earthworks. There are strong defending forces at Modder bridge and the Orange river bridge.

The objects of these energetic operations is believed to be the capture of Cecil Rhodes. Kimberley is now isolated, both railway and telegraphic communication being cut.

Alliwalnath dispatches say that Frere bridge, which heretofore has been a great aid to Boer spies, is now closed and guarded by Cape police.

It is rumored that the Boer commandoes, strengthened by 800 Boers from Smithfield, is menacing Alliwalnath.

A Kaffir brought to Vryburg by the returning hospital train says he passed the scene of the recent armored train disaster, and saw several bodies of white men lying there.

There is still no reliable news from either Ladysmith or Glencoe, except that a patrol from the latter place exchanged shots with a small body of Boers on the road to Helmanak. All reports agree that the Boers now occupy New Castle.

Very heavy rain and snows are reported, which hamper the Boer movements, and they are finding that they began too late to easily obtain the initial successes counted upon. They evidently find the advance upon Ladysmith difficult, either from the north or west, as General Sir George Stuart White's reconnaissance seems to have sufficed to deter them for the present.

Flowerdew, the engine driver of the present North's train, which was derailed and abandoned by the Boers, stated that if the train had returned when warning was received that the Boers held the line, it could easily have made its way back to Mariborg, but Captain Nesbitt insisted upon an endeavor being made to reach Mafeking.

"When the pilot engine was derailed," said Flowerdew, "we spent a half hour trying to replace it on the track. Then the Boers commenced firing, and several men were wounded. The firing was kept up all night, but without effect. The Boers were careful to concentrate their fire upon the engines, so as to save the armored carriage and ammunition trucks. At dawn they commenced to bombard the cars. I escaped by crawling a mile and a half on my belly in the sand. When both engines were destroyed Captain Nesbitt exhibited flags of truce, but the Boers continued their firing for another quarter of an hour.

"There is no doubt that all the others on the train are prisoners, and that the carriage and the ammunition intact fell into the hands of the Boers." Flowerdew was fearfully bruised.

British Troops in Natal.

Durban, Oct. 16.—Following is the strength and disposition of the British troops in Natal: At Ladysmith, seven batteries, 32 guns, 4,000 infantry; at Estcourt, 200 volunteers, and at Lorenzo 427 volunteers. These, with the force at Pietermaritzburg, make a total of 15,000 men in Natal.

Changed Its Name.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—The Western Baseball league is now of the past, and in its place is the American Baseball league, organized at the annual meeting of the Western Baseball league held at the Great Northern hotel. The question of the change of the name of the league occasioned much discussion, but was finally settled by a unanimous vote in the affirmative.

Volunteer Regiments Filled.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The task of recruiting the volunteer army for the Philippines is practically completed. It was announced at the war department that all the regiments have been filled except one of the additional colored regiments, the Forty-ninth, which needs less than 500 men. These will be secured within 48 hours.

Jealousy's Awful Deed.
Peoria, Ill., Oct. 14.—Harry Adair, a mail-carrier, placed a shotgun against his wife's chest and shot her to death, and then placing the gun against his forehead blew the top of his own head off. Jealousy is given as the cause of the crime.

Motel Works Burned.

Ironton, O., Oct. 12.—The Ironton hotel works were destroyed by fire. The loss was complete, amounting to \$15,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Rural Free Delivery.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Rural free delivery service has been ordered established on Oct. 23 at Frankfort, O., covering 40 square miles.

VIGILANCE

Keelhaques a Threatened Uprising in the Philippine Capital.

Manila, Oct. 16.—From reliable sources it was reported to the American authorities that an outbreak had been planned for daylight Sunday in the poorer districts of this city.

It failed to occur, probably on account of the vigorous measures enforced. Many natives of the Tondo district left taking their valuables. All the small shops, which the guards usually forced to close at 8 p. m., were shut at sunset. A general feeling of uneasiness was apparent.

The guards of the city were doubled and a strong force stationed at the slaughter house, the center of the unruly section. Two guns of the Sixth artillery were stationed nearby at a point commanding the native quarter. The commanders of the reserve troops were ordered to be prepared for a call at daylight.

Three native policemen have been arrested on a charge of plotting the uprising. The fact that their comrades informed the authorities of their treachery indicates that the police force is loyal.

Insurgents Driven Off.

Washington, Oct. 12.—A cablegram from General Otis reads: "Schwan successful in driving insurgents south, with loss, from San Francisco de Malabon. He reports their force disintegrated and retiring on divergent roads. The insurgents are carrying off wagons. No intention of occupying this country permanently or temporarily; of no strategic importance."

Vermont Honors Dewey.

Montpelier, Vt., Oct. 13.—The state of Vermont gave welcome to Admiral Dewey with a parade and a reception at the statehouse. The weather was perfect, and 30,000 visitors joined with the hero's women in the celebration. Never before has there been such a massing of people and so elaborate a demonstration in the history of Vermont. The town was handsomely decorated. The admiral was presented with a beautiful medal, the gift of the state.

Episcopalians Conclude.

St. Paul, Oct. 14.—At the Protestant Episcopal congress's closing session the general topic was "The Prayer Book in the Life of the People." The writers were Rev. Alfred A. Butler of Fairbank, Minn., and Rev. B. W. R. Taylor of Los Angeles, Cal. The leaders in the discussion were Rev. W. H. Jones of Gambier, O., and Rev. Nathaniel S. Thomas of Wheeling, W. Va. Hartford, Conn., was the place for holding the twentieth session of the congress.

Peace Negotiations Off.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The state department has received the following cablegram from United States Minister Loomis at Caracas, Venezuela, announcing the failure of the peace negotiations that have been in progress for the last five days between the government and the insurgents: "Negotiations suspended. Venezuelan forces will be advanced. A decisive battle fully expected this week. Puerto Cabello quiet."

Home For Admiral Schley.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The Woman's National Industrial league took the initial steps to raise a fund with which to purchase a home in Washington for Admiral Schley. An executive committee, with Mrs. Charlotte Smith as chairman, was appointed to push the movement, and the National bank of Washington was designated as the institution to which subscribers should send their subscriptions.

Louisville, Oct. 17.—Colonel William J. Bryan is being warmly greeted by the people of Kentucky on his tour of the state. In his speeches he urges the Democrats to support William Goebel for Governor in the interest of the national Democracy. His trip will conclude on Wednesday.

Electrical Workers.

Pittsburg, Oct. 17.—The sixth biennial convention of the National Brotherhood of Electrical Workers was opened at Knights of Labor hall. Beyond the formalities of opening the convention did very little business. Nearly 100 delegates are here and a number of others are on the road.

Industrial Convention.

Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 11.—Although the first day's session of the southern industrial convention was something of a disappointment in the matter of attendance, the two sessions were productive of considerable discussion of much merit.

A Lover's Quarrel.

Fort Scott, Kan., Oct. 14.—James Blah shot his fiancée, Miss Clara Stalnaker, and then sent a bullet into his own brain. Blah is dead, but the young woman will recover. They had quarreled over the day of their wedding.

Millionaire Schultz Dead.

Zanesville, O., Oct. 16.—Robert D. Schultz, 60, the famous soap manufacturer and capitalist, died here after an illness of only 12 hours. Heart disease, superinduced by stomach trouble, was the cause of his demise.

Town Gutted.

Mojave, Cal., Oct. 11.—Fire, supposed to be of incendiary origin, almost totally destroyed the business portion of this town. One store remains. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

Marital Free Delivery.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Rural free delivery service has been ordered established on Oct. 23 at Frankfort, O., covering 40 square miles.

THE WEEK'S EVENTS.

ITEMS SELECTED AND ARRANGED FOR CONVENIENCE.

Any One May Become Thoroughly Informed on Leading Events of the Day by Simply Glancing Down This Column—No Long Story Necessary.

MONDAY.

General and Mrs. Benjamin Harrison are in Holland.

General William R. Shafter is now on the retired list.

Pitcher Mercer will play with the Washington team in 1900.

During an epidemic of dysentery in Japan 12,000 persons succumbed.

Great tension exists between the Tagalo and Visayan tribes in Luzon.

Lawrence Gronlund, 53, the famous socialist author, is dead at New York.

Arguments have begun in the celebrated counterfeiting case at Philadelphia.

At Wilson, La., J. L. Smith, a white man, was lynched. Accused of being a cattle thief.

Dr. Edward Orton, ex-president of the Ohio State university, is dead at Columbus of heart disease.

Plant of Fowler & Company, wholesale grocers of Sioux City, Ia., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$100,000.

Baldomero, a brother of General Aguinaldo, has been sentenced to death for alleged embezzlement of \$80,000 from the Philippine treasury.

SATURDAY.

Baker test and awning plant at Kansas City was burned.

Plumes consumed the famous Loomis sanitarium at Liberty, N. Y.

British calico print trade has combined with \$50,000,000 capital.

With 500,000 population Santo Domingo's public debt is \$25,000,000.

Bandits who held up a Northwestern express near Chicago secured \$25,000.

Leslie Sinclair, 28, a wealthy resident of Vincennes, Ind., committed suicide. Despondent.

St. Mary's training school at Feshanville, Ill., was destroyed by fire. Estimated loss \$200,000.

A crowded street car at Dallas, Tex., was struck by a train. Twenty passengers were injured, three fatally.

Seventh attempt to pull off the first of the series of international yacht races was another fizzle. No wind.

FRIDAY.

At Ironton, O., Samuel Clark was crushed to death by cars.

General McLernand is seriously ill with pneumonia at Springfield, Ill.

Paul Tullihill was fatally shot by John Cockley in a Toledo saloon brawl.

Fire did \$125,000 damage in the National Cable works at Hastings, N. Y.

Burglars blew the safe of the Farmers' bank, Schell City, Mo. About \$3,500 was secured.

Lorenzo Dow, 72, is dead at New York. He was famous in the political and business world.

Eighty-five persons were poisoned during a wedding feast at Huntington, W. Va., by eating tainted cabbage.

Ferdinand Rehan, 26, a Detroit high school pupil, was found dead in front of the house of Mrs. Patrick Drouillard, who was arrested.

THURSDAY.

Italian houses and banks are out of hundreds of millions and a financial crash is looked for.

Mrs. Sarah Park, 97, surrounded by representatives of five generations, died at Westerville, O.

Jacob Wittenmeier, a Columbus contractor, was crushed to death by a falling beam in his yards.

In a serious freight wreck on the Reading railway, near Williamsport, Pa., two trains were killed.

By an explosion at the Aetna powder works near Valparaiso, Ind., four workmen were blown to bits.

Uncle Sam will maintain a neutral attitude in the Transvaal war, but will protect American interests there.

Officials have taken steps to stop the Lake Shore Loan association of Cleveland from its charter rights.

WEDNESDAY.

Toilet soap manufacturers will raise and regulate prices.

California will not quarantine against consumptives from other states.

A deep-water canal connecting the great lakes with the gulf is being agitated in Illinois.

Two express trains on the Panhandle collided near Wheeling, W. Va. Nine persons were injured.

TUESDAY.

Colonel Andrew Schultze of Columbus is dead after a lingering illness.

OUTCLASSED

Appears to Be the Cup Challenger Shamrock.

New York, Oct. 17.—The America cup appears to be safe for at least another year.

In a glorious breeze, over a windward and leeward course of 2 miles, Columbia scored against Shamrock in the first race of the 1899 series for the trophy. She defeated across the finish line fully a mile and a half ahead of the challenger, defeating her by 10 minutes and 14 seconds, actual time, or 10 minutes and 8 seconds, corrected time, after allowing the six seconds handicap which Columbia must concede to the challenger on account of her longer water line. It was a defensive contest; a magnificent race, magnificently sailed and magnificently won.

Mr. Thomas Lipton took his defeat with the spirit of a true sportsman. "It was a fair and square race," said he. "We were beaten fairly. No two boats ever sailed a better race, and they were equally well handled as far as I could see." Speaking of the Columbia, he said: "She is a fine, fast boat, and was splendidly sailed."

Steamer Nutmeg Disaster.

New York, Oct. 16.—All that remains of the steamer Nutmeg State, which was burned to the water's edge at Sandpoint, Long Island, are the twisted and blackened arms of steel and iron, surrounded by the huge copper bottom, which lies in the surf. Somewhere in the debris are believed to be five bodies, but it will be some days before these can be reached. These are supposed to be in the forward part of the hull, where the crew's men were imprisoned by the fire. No attempt was made to recover any of the bodies. The dead list foots up to nine.

Bank Robbers Dropped.

Sevierville, Tenn., Oct. 14.—An attempt by three men to rob the Sevierville bank resulted disastrously for all of them. William Derrick is dead, William Thurner fatally wounded, and Cal Derrick slightly wounded as a result. Officers were apprised of the intended raid and secreted themselves opposite the bank. When the men appeared the officers opened fire and the robbers fled. William Derrick fell, he sought refuge in a barn, which was quickly surrounded. He sprang out into the open, put a pistol to his head and blew out his brains.

Alaskan Boundary Agreement.

London, Oct. 13.—Sir Louis Henry Davies, Canadian minister of marine and fisheries, has given Canada's consent to a temporary arrangement of the Alaskan dispute. This has practically settled the whole matter for the time being, as the main features of the arrangement were originally suggested by the United States. The terms agreed upon are simply a line drawn across Chilkat Pass, delineated by the river and mountain top. Officials hope thereby to avert local friction.

Forgot the Orders.

Wheeling, Oct. 12.—At Short creek, nine miles above this city, a north-bound passenger train collided with a special from Pittsburgh. Eight persons were seriously injured, two fatally. The accident resulted from the engineer of the special forgetting to take a siding as ordered. The seriously injured: Reuben King of Steubenville, fireman, will die; J. P. Walsh of Midway, Pa., a passenger, may die.

Fog, but No Wind.

New York, Oct. 11.—Hard luck continues to pursue the big single-stickers, Columbia and Shamrock. On the three days last week when the yachts made attempts to sail, light, foggy winds left them stranded on the banks when the time limit expired. Tuesday a fog bank prevented them from even leaving their mooring buoys. The races will be pulled off Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

McKinley En Route.

Milwaukee, Oct. 17.—President McKinley and party arrived here after a triumphant tour of their northwest. Flattering ovations were extended them in both Dakotas, Nebraska, Iowa and Wisconsin. Short speeches were made by the president at many points. He took occasion to defend his Philippine policy in his remarks. Merchants of this city tendered the party a banquet.

Indianapolis Election.

Indianapolis, Oct. 12.—A complete returns from all of the 15 wards in the city indicate that Mayor Taggart (Dem.) is re-elected by 317 majority, and the city clerk, police judge and councilmen-at-large, all Democrats, by about 300. This would give the Republicans six councilmen. There is but little talk now of a contest by the Republicans.

Cashier Sentenced.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 11.—Harry Hough, the former assistant cashier of the Cochequo National bank of Dover, was indicted by the grand jury of the United States district court here on the charge of embezzling \$5,500 of the bank's funds. Hough was arraigned later and pleaded guilty contumacious, and was sentenced to five years in jail.

Escaped the Cyclone.

Murdoch, Minn., Oct. 17.—A tornado struck the dwelling of P. Handron, four miles southwest of this place, demolishing it entirely. Mrs. Handron and five children took refuge in the cellar and escaped with but little injury. The house and contents were swept entirely away.

Blaze at Gallipolis.

Gallipolis, O., Oct. 16.—The Gehbart & Cooke's building on Court street and C. C. Neal's grocery, were burned and the large retail hardware store of W. J. Hutchinson was damaged. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

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The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce

T. J. NICKEL

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky. His candidacy is subject to the action of the Democratic party. Election November 1899.

THE LEGISLATURE.

In the heated contest for Governor, no Democrat can afford to overlook the contest for the Legislature. The result of this contest is laden with matters of the very greatest importance to the people and especially to the party. It is not a question altogether as to whether Mr. Nickel or Mr. Blackburn shall be the representative. The personality of these gentlemen is merged into the issue. The next legislature elects a United States Senator, and that Senator when he takes his place in the Senate at Washington will vote with Mark Hanna to uphold and perpetuate the gold standard, the trusts and the tariff, and every other principle and policy opposed to Democracy, or he will vote for all that Democracy stands for. Which shall it be? This question may be answered by the result of the legislative race. Should Mr. Nickel be elected, the vote and voice of the people of Crittenden and Livingston counties will be cast for a Democrat, for a man who will uphold the hands of William Jennings Bryan should he be elected President, for a man who will stand by Democratic principles and vote Democratic sentiments.

Should E. B. Blackburn be elected the voice and vote of the people of Crittenden and Livingston counties will be cast for a Republican, for a man who will uphold the hands of Wm McKinley, should he be re-elected President in 1900, for a man who will stand by Republican principles and vote Republican sentiments.

There is nothing this point, Mr. Nickel is not going to tell you that he will vote for a Republican Senator, and Mr. Blackburn will be many, very many, years older before he tells you that he will vote for a Democratic Senator, or anything else Democratic.

Four years ago, Blackburn defeated Nickel for Representative in the two counties, and so nearly even were the two parties in the legislature that had Nickel been elected, a Democratic instead of a Republican United States Senator would, in all probability, have been elected.

The two parties may be evenly divided this year as then, hence the importance of the legislative race. In State matters Mr. Nickel stands with Mr. Goebel on the school book bill, the McCord railroad bill, and on the separate coach law. He will support the Chinn school book bill; he will support the McCord bill; he will oppose any effort to abolish the separate coach law, but stand by Mr. Goebel's plan as expressed elsewhere in this paper, and vote against a bill to abolish the law.

In State matters Mr. Blackburn stands, we presume with Mr. Taylor. He is opposed to the Chinn school book bill; he is opposed to the McCord bill; he is opposed to the separate coach law and would vote for a bill to abolish the law.

Here the issues are as clearly defined as on national questions, and the voter at the polls expresses his sentiments on these questions in making his choice between the two candidates for the Legislature.

These are issues, pure and simple, the people settle them, for it is reasonable to suppose the man elected will do his best to carry out that which his party is pledged to. Mr. Blackburn's record in the House leaves no man in doubt as to what he will do. He believes his party is right and he sticks as close to it as does any other Republican in the two counties, and whenever and wherever an opportunity presents, as a member of the legislature, he would "put in one" against a Democrat and any Democrat measure.

Mr. Nickel is a straight Democrat, a worthy, deserving man, one of the plain people and bears the standard of his party, honestly won his nomination, and, it is elected, will be as true to his trust as any man that ever bore a commission from the people of the two counties. Democrats vote cast for "Uncle Jell" is for a safe, sound man, and a straight Democrat as the district.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad company is turning its two hired newspapers loose upon the people of the State without money and without price. It sends 100 copies of the Louisville Post free to Marion and pays a boy the cold cash to deliver them. The Post is the self-same sheet that denounced Bryan as an anarchist, and applied every epithet to the name of the politician to his

caus, and to the people who believed in it. It is the self-same sheet that fought P. Wat Hardin for governor four years ago. In '95 and '96 it openly advocated the cause of the Republicans. It has profited by its experience and now thinks it can do more harm to Democracy by advocating a man the only object of whose candidacy is to divide the Democratic party. No Democrat who believes in Bryan, no Democrat who believes in the people and not the trusts should rule, no Democrat who believes in cheaper school books can afford to be led astray by the Louisville Post, always owned by the L. and N., nor by the Louisville Dispatch, a recent purchase of the L. and N. Democrats do not believe in the Brown movement, which is a ruse of the enemy to mislead you.

The honorable George H. Alexander, of Louisville, was in Crittenden and Livingston counties last week looking for somebody to speak to in behalf of the bolters. The honorable Geo. H. was a member of the Democratic caucus of the Legislature that endorsed the Goebel election law, and the honorable Geo. H. made a speech in that caucus advocating that law, and now he is around advocating the repeal of the law he so vociferously helped to pass. What kind of a statesman is that? Ye, purificationists, here is one of your adorable highcock-alorums around advocating the death of his own child. Is he the kind of man who advice and council you can afford to take? He also voted against the school book bill, and on account of his vote, together with that some other gentlemen who are too good to vote for Goebel, the people of Crittenden and Livingston are paying 17 instead of 10 cents for spelling books for their children, \$1.20 instead of 75 cents for their complete geographies and so on through the entire list. Democrats, can you afford to follow the leadership of a man whose record contradicts his argument against the election law, and whose record belies his own words when he claims to be a friend of the people?

There is a kind of fish that betrays its prey by emitting a substance that is thoroughly discolored and darkens the water that escape is impossible. The Louisville and Nashville railroad has evidently been studying the habits of that denizen of the salt waters, and it is trying to destroy the Democratic party and hue the issues by making the political waters murky with abuse of Mr. Goebel. That big corporation learned in its fight against Mr. Bryan in Kentucky in 1896 that it would be a losing fight to stand squarely before the party on the issues again, hence its plan is to divide the party and lose its members in a fig to be created by the Louisville Post, and John Whalen. These knights of purity are paid to make the fog, but the foghorn of the machless leader, Wm. J. Bryan, is sounding throughout Kentucky and the Democrat who fails to follow is simply headed for the old and ancient enemy's camp, and the chances are that he will get there by 1900. You may not think so, friend bolter, but you are sipping the nectar that blinds and benums.

The re-union at Evansville last week was a genuine success and a creditable affair from beginning to end for the splendid little city in which it was held, and the Evansville Courier played no small part in the affair. The special edition of that paper was a feature that Evansville may be proud of. It was up-to-date in a mechanical way, and the editorial work compared favorably with that of papers issued in many larger cities. The Courier under its present management, is unquestionably the best paper Evansville ever had, and its value to the city can not be estimated. We congratulate the city and the Murphy boys upon their having discovered each other.

If the bolters are still doubtful as to Mr. Bryan's position, their attention is most respectfully called to the big crowds that thronged the railroads to hear him as he passed along Monday. If Mr. Bryan and everybody else in Kentucky and out would keep their mouths shut, and put their ears close to the ground on a clear still day when the wind is coming from Louisville, possibly the tramp, tramp, of the bolters might be heard as distinctly as is the man in the moon when he makes love to the milk maid.

The opponents of Democracy are as great on the "mistake" of Bryan in coming to Kentucky at this time as was a gentleman, now no more, on the "mistakes of Moses."

The mendacity of the Louisville Dispatch has become so notorious that it has no more influence than a patent medicine testimonial.

What has become of that fellow Holm or Hallam?

Mr. Bryan has one more displeased the Post.

The wanderers are coming home.

It's Goebel or Taylor—There's no other sailor On the sailing sea. What! Yonder craft? It's gone fast, With a broken J. Y. R.

FRANCES.

Sowing wheat is the order of the day.

Our school is progressing nicely with an average attendance of 55.

G. W. Parish is erecting a nice seven room building.

J. R. Brasher has a nice cottage almost completed.

W. J. DeChesney has enrolled in the Marion school.

Prof Geo Kinsolving has an interesting singing school at both Caldwell Springs and Emmaus.

Oscar Fogue will go to Calloway county soon to live.

Brown men are scarce as hen's teeth hereabouts.

S. G. Taber has sold out and will move to Union county.

C. W. Fox is in Louisville this week attending the Masonic Grand Lodge.

Mrs. Sarah Whitt is quite ill.

W. W. Pogue is under treatment for cancer.

I am in receipt of a letter from Mr. G. N. McGrew, of Bayou, Livingston county, who says he is for the Democratic from top to bottom, from Goebel to Nickel, and that he is at work for the ticket which will receive the solid Democratic vote of his section.

Milton Yandell has accepted a place in a store at Blackford, and went there Monday to take charge.

Ed Ralston bought Gord Taber's farm and will move there soon.

NEW SALEM

Mrs. Johnson, daughter and son, of Mayfield, Ky., are the guests of relatives and friends in this section. Mrs. Johnson is a sister of Esq. C. N. Stephens, and left this county many years ago.

Lucien Gray and wife, of Livingston county, were guests of Esq. Harpending's family Sunday.

Rev William Oakley filled the pulpit at New Salem last Sunday. He will preach for the New Salem congregation every second Sunday the coming year.

Bro Lowery will discontinue his pastorate of New Salem church the coming year. Bro Lowery leaves many warm and true friends in and around New Salem church.

Late letters from Harry Harpending, who is Arkansas City, Kansas, saying that he finds one of the finest farming countries he ever saw, and that wheat threshing is in full blast.

Our friend Dave Wolford and his good lady tried hotel keeping last week for Lige Franklin at the Salem hotel, Mr and Mrs Franklin being in Evansville.

In our last week's letter to the Press you made us say that the corn crop was one of the best, when it should have said it was the lightest in many years. We are sorry to have the correction made, but we are not in it for a full corn crop.

John Harpending and Ruff Threlkeld made a flying trip to Illinois last week.

Pat Slica is putting in one of the finest jobs of work for Crittenden and Livingston counties we ever saw. The work is the east abutment for the iron bridge on Claylick creek.

Wheat sowing is about completed for 1899 in this neighborhood. The crop is a little above the average in acreage, but the stand is very bad on account of the dry weather.

Hog cholera is raging in this section. W. C. Tyner has lost about 40 head.

Esq Harpending's court will convene on the 19 to try some common wealth cases. A little of the stuff that broke loose in Georgia is adroit in this section.

There is some good young cattle for sale in this section.

SOUTH CRITTENDEN

Rev LaRue fills the pulpit every second Sunday at Sulphur Springs church.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday and Saturday nights, and we are glad to note that the young people are taking an active part in the work.

One of the oldest landmarks of our section, Uncle Billie Polk, died Oct. 10. He was in his 80th year.

His widow, Mina Polk, is very dangerously ill with congestion; her recovery is doubtful.

Aunt Nancy Mabry is very ill.

We are glad to note that Miss Corry Daynesport is recovering from a serious attack of typhoid fever.

Mrs Julia Stephenson is visiting her son near Sheridan this week.

Miss Hughes and family, of near Marion were visiting G. R. Bibb, and family Sunday.

J. A. Hudspeth and wife who were called to Tennessee on account of the illness of Mrs Hudspeth's father, have returned and report her father better.

Rev D. P. Campbell went to Louisville Monday.

DYCSBURG.

Our school is progressing nicely. Prof. Robinson and sister are teaching the best school that has been taught here for many years, and by the way professor Bob is a first class all round young man, and is making lots of friends in this part of old Crittenden.

Dr. T. L. Phillips is quite sick; he is greatly missed by the sick, as he has a large practice.

Miss Cora Clifton has been confined to her room several days with sickness.

Our little town is improving, some new residences going up. Col. Marvin B. Charles is building a nice residence, and Mrs Hayward has just completed a very handsome residence and our trustees are having sidewalks built wherever they are needed.

Dr Will Clifton returned Sunday from Louisville where he had been several days.

Capt. James Holms, of Kuttawa, has been here some time doing some fine painting. He is thinking of locating here and going into the furniture and undertaker's business and forming a co-partnership with a young widow living here. Good luck to you, Capt. Jim.

But two little boats in the Cumberland now.

Our farmers say there will be a large crop of wheat sown this fall.

Sam Cassidy has the longest walking stick of any man in the county.

Well, our school board is in trouble again over some tax money, but they have agreed to arbitrate the matter and both parties have selected their man. Hope the matter may be settled satisfactorily and not cause as much trouble as selling the mule did.

S. W. Burk has gone to Paducah on business.

David Barnes is the champion squirrel hunter of this place.

Mrs Myrtle Moore and Miss Daisy Crouch went to Paducah last week.

Mrs Lula Cassidy spent a few days in Kelsey last week.

P. K. Cooksey went to Paducah last week.

Shirley Pickering and family, and Mrs M. J. Langston went to Evansville last week.

Mrs Ida Evans, of Eddyville, is the guest of Mrs Eugene Brown this week.

Chas Dooms and wife went to Kelsey Sunday.

Tom P. Moore has come home for a few days.

The Dycsburg Improvement Club met Friday night with grand success.

Et. Hill went to Eddyville Sunday.

The Brown speaking here the 10th was a failure. The man did not come and there were not many people in town to be disappointed.

TOLU.

Dr. John D. Wolford has been confined to his bed for several days, but is improving.

Bro Cundiff preached his first sermon for us Saturday night. He preached Sunday and Sunday night.

Our people express themselves as being well pleased with their new preacher and hopes are entertained that great good may be accomplished while he labors among us.

Mr. Alexander, the gentleman that was billed to speak here last Thursday for the Brown ticket, rolled into our town at about 12 o'clock, accompanied by Geo. Conyer and one of the Smith's, and at about 2 p m he made a talk of about fifteen minutes to a badly mixed crowd that had everything in it except Brown voters.

Rev B. A. Cundiff will move into the parsonage at this place as soon as its present occupants move out of it.

Little Walter Weldon has been very sick for ten days, but is better at this writing.

CHAPEL HILL.

Those on the sick list are Norval Bigham, Willie Clement, Emery Stovall and Reba Hill.

Charlie Clement is building T. M. Hill's house.

Horace Williamson has been in our midst making molasses.

John Bard has sold his farm to his brother, Bob Baird.

Mrs Lee Hughes has returned from Kansas where she has been visiting relatives.

Andy Walker will haul some saw logs for W. H. Bigham this week.

J. T. Bigham, while coming from town Saturday, lost his coat out of the buggy. The finder will please remember him.

Rev John Haynes and wife, of Illinois, is visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Mr Stephens, of Sulphur Springs, was in our midst Sunday.

Rev John Haynes preached us an excellent sermon Sunday.

OTTIE CRUCE

Gives Facts Regarding His Free Trip to Lexington to Attend Bolters' Convention.

(Smithland Banner.)

Hillsville, Ky., Oct. 2, 1899—Editor Banner—In last week's issue of The Banner I noticed that Judge T. J. Nunn, in a public speech at Dycsburg a few days ago, said that he had a sworn affidavit from me in which I had stated that I was furnished a free ticket to and from Lexington to attend the Brown convention and that my expenses were paid while there.

Now, I wish to say that if Judge Nunn made this statement, he was in part mistaken. It was this way: Mr. T. J. Yates, of Dycsburg, furnished me a round trip ticket from Kuttawa to Louisville and one from Louisville to Lexington, and I did not pay him a cent for them. I will also say that I was furnished with breakfast on the train, for which I did not have to pay for. But as to my expenses while in Lexington, I will say that I paid for my dinner, which was all the expense I incurred while there—I would have accepted my dinner free had it been offered me.

Now, I understand that T. J. Yates interrupted Judge Nunn in his speech, stating that I had made a false statement in my affidavit by saying that I was not furnished a free ticket to and from Lexington, but that he (Yates) took the money out of his own pocket and paid for my ticket. Now, I want to say that Mr. Yates had several tickets and they were all alike, and he had one or two tickets that were not used, he said that they were sent to him from Louisville and that he had to leave the unused ticket or tickets there on his return, but he didn't know where to leave them and for that reason he did not expect to leave them in Louisville.

Mr Yates may have paid for my ticket, but if he did, I would like for him to explain what he was doing with sixteen tickets when there were only thirteen or fourteen of us went, and why he would buy any extra tickets.

I will further say that there were others who went to Lexington with me, who if called upon will state what I have here stated.

Now, in conclusion, I will say that I was at that time for John Young Brown for governor, but I am not now. I am for Goebel and the whole Democratic ticket, and I appeal to all honest Democrats who know the facts of the Brown movement as I know them, to vote for Wm. Goebel, and not be used as tools for the L. and N. railroad.

Respectfully,

OTTIE H. CRUCE.

PROUD OF THE BOY.

Tout By Force of Character and Intellect Rose to Distinction.

EX-CHIEF JUSTICE PRYOR ON GOEBEL.

In all the State there is no better man or better judge of good men than ex-Chief Justice William S. Pryor, and here is a report of his remarks touching the qualities of William Goebel in an address to the people of Owen county:

"He said that Senator Goebel had been shamefully abused and vilified by the L. and N. organs in Louisville and by the 'peanut orators' who were speaking for John Young Brown."

As for as moral character was concerned he was the peer of any man in Kentucky. He had known Goebel from the time he entered Gov. Stevenson's office as a poor boy, coming from the humble walks of life. Today he stands pre-eminent as a lawyer, and he thanked God that the Democratic party had such a man as a leader. He was for Goebel from the beginning, because he knew him to be such a man as was

Watch for J. H. Morse's advertisement next week. If he goes into the drug business, he will interest the public in closing out his big stock of Dry Goods.

Ladies, Attention

There is no need of a long list of superlatives to describe my new goods to you. I have the most extensive stock of

Fall Millinery

Ever before shown in Mari In Hats, Bonnets and Caps I have

Every thing that is new,
Every thing that is pretty,
Every thing that is stylish

For ladies, old and young, for misses and little children. No matter whether you have 50 cents or \$20 to spend for a hat I can please you. I went to market myself, selected my own goods with care and bought so as to sell right. I have

First Class Trimmer and Guarantee Work.

The ladies of Crittenden and adjoining counties are cordially invited to come and see the new styles; you are welcome whether you buy or not.

MRS. M. D. RONEY.

A COMMERCIAL COURSE.

Including

BOOK-KEEPING,
STENOGRAPHY,
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has been opened in Marion.

Thorough Course in these studies to those desiring education in this line. Special attention given in Mathematics.

For further information apply to the teacher at Mrs. Gill's, on North Main St.

Miss Ella T. Mattingly, Teacher.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given the public that I have this day, and do by these presents give my son, John Harvey Little, his freedom the same as if he were twenty-one years of age, authorizing and empowering him to do and act for himself, the same as if he were twenty-one. I will not be responsible for any of his contracts or acts, and waive all claims that I might hold as his father for his services in any and all respects.

J. N. LITTLE.

Oct. 16, 1899.

Bismark's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life-Giver. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25cts J. H. Orme's drug store.

\$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

REGULAR \$5.00 WATER. \$2.75 "PROOF" ALL-WEATHER COAT. SEND NO MONEY. Put this ad. in your newspaper, and send it up. It will come right and you will get a new coat, close up under arms, and C.O.B., subject to examination. Examine and try it on. Your money expressed office, and if found wanting as represented and the coat unsatisfactory, you may return it to the express office, and you will get your money back. If you want a new coat, send this ad. to J. H. Orme's drug store, 111 N. Main St., and you will get a new coat, close up under arms, and C.O.B., subject to examination. Write for details to J. H. Orme's drug store, 111 N. Main St., and you will get a new coat, close up under arms, and C.O.B., subject to examination.

Gzeat Reduction IN Wall Paper

In order to make room for new goods, losing out a great stock of wall paper at greatly reduced prices. It is up-to-date goods.

Late Styles,
Pretty Designs,
This is your opportunity.
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